System of records means a group of records that is within the possession and control of the Review Board and from which information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual. Assassination records, as defined above, are not included in the Review Board's systems of records.

§1415.15 Systems of records notification.

Any individual who wishes to know whether a system of records contains a record pertaining to him or her may file a request in person or in writing. Written requests should be directed to the Privacy Act Officer, Assassination Records Review Board, 600 E Street, NW, Washington, DC 20530, and should be clearly marked "Privacy Act Request."

§1415.20 Requests by an individual for access to their own records.

- (a) Requests in writing. An individual may request access to his or her own records in writing by addressing a letter to the Privacy Act Officer, Assasination Records Review Board, 600 E Street, NW, 2nd Floor, Washington, DC 20530. The request should contain the following information:
- (1) Full name, address, and telephone number of requester;
- (2) Proof of identification, which should be a copy of one of the following: Valid driver's license, valid passport, or other current identification which contains both an address and picture of the requester;
- (3) The system of records in which the desired information is contained; and
- (4) At the requester's option, authorization for expenses (see §1415.50 below).
- (b) Requests in person. Any individual may examine his or her own record on the Review Board's premises. To do so, the individual should call the Review Board's offices at (202) 724–0088 and ask to speak to the Privacy Act Officer. This call should be made at least two weeks prior to the time the requester would like to see the records. During this call, the requester should be prepared to provide the same information

as that listed in paragraph (a) of this section except for proof of identification.

§1415.25 Processing of requests.

- (a) The Privacy Act Officer will process all requests under both the Freedom of Information Act and the Privacy Act.
- (b) The Privacy Act Officer will respond to the request within ten working days of its receipt by the Privacy Act Officer. If the Review Board needs additional time to respond, the Privacy Act Officer will provide the requester an explanation as to why the Review Board requires an extension.
- (c) Following the initial call from the requester, the Privacy Act Officer will determine: whether the records identified by the requester exist, and whether they are subject to any exemption under §1415.55 below. If the records exist and are not subject to exemption, the Privacy Act Officer will call the requester and arrange an appointment at a mutually agreeable time when the records can be examined. At the appointment, the requester will be asked to present identification as stated in $\S14\overline{15.20}(a)(2)$. The requester may be accompanied by one individual of his or her own choosing, and should state during this call whether or not a second individual will be present at the appointment. In the event that a second individual accompanies the requester, the requester will be asked to provide the Review Board with written consent to disclose his or her records to the second individual.
- (d) If a request is received for information compiled in reasonable anticipation of a civil action or proceeding, the Privacy Act Officer will determine whether to disclose the information and will inform the requester whether this information is subject to release under the Privacy Act (see 5 U.S.C. 552a(d)(5)).

§1415.30 Appeals from access denials.

When access to records has been denied in whole or in part by the Privacy Act Officer, the requester may file an appeal in writing. This appeal should be directed to the Executive Director, Assassination Records Review Board,